

---

13 French-speaking Canadian teachers had been sent to Africa under this program, a supply of paper had been provided for a textbook production centre in Cameroun and other projects were under way.

**Co-operation with the United Nations and its Specialized Agencies, and with Other International Aid Programs.**—In addition to the annual contributions made to the United Nations Expanded Program of Technical Assistance, Canada also assists by arranging training programs in Canada for individuals studying under the auspices of the different Specialized Agencies. This service is also extended to the technical assistance program of the International Co-operation Administration of the United States as well as to other international aid organizations. Up to Oct. 31, 1962, approximately 2,000 individuals had come to Canada through the various agencies from more than 100 different countries in all parts of the world. Assistance is also given by recruiting Canadians for service with the Specialized Agencies on specific technical assistance assignments in under-developed countries.

**Organization.**—As of Nov. 9, 1960, the operation and administration of Canada's external assistance programs became the responsibility of the External Aid Office, established by Order in Council of that date, and placed in charge of an officer known as the Director General of External Aid Programs. The Director General is directly responsible to the Secretary of State for External Affairs for all matters connected with Canadian external assistance programs, including the Colombo Plan, the Canada-West Indies Aid Program, the Special Commonwealth African Aid Program, the Commonwealth Technical Assistance Program, the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan and the Program for French-Speaking African States as well as for operational liaison with aid programs administered by the United Nations and other international agencies.